ordinance no. 3087

AN ORDINANCE relating to the installation of fire hydrants and water mains in the unincorporated areas of King County, including commercial, industrial, institutional, residential and multiple dwelling buildings and areas of plats and subdivisions; repealing Ordinance 468, Sections 1 through 17 and KCC 17.08.010 through 17.08.170.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. Ordinance No. 468, Sections 1 through 17 and KCC 17.08.010 through 17.08.170 are hereby repealed.

SECTION 2. Definitions.

- a. Dead end main is a main over fifty feet long and not being fed from both ends at the time of installation.
- b. <u>Fire department</u> whall mean the fire authority normally responsible for the fire protection in the area.
- c. Fire flow shall mean the flow of water required for fire fighting at a specific building or within a specific area.
- d. Fire marshal shall mean the King County Fire Marshal or his appointee.
- e. <u>Flush-type hydrant</u> is a hydrant installed entirely below grade.
- f. <u>Hydrant</u>. Hydrant's shall have a minimum of: two, two and one-half inch hose outlets, and one, four inch inner diameter pumper port outlet. All outlet ports shall be approved by the fire department. Special purpose adapters may be used with approval of the fire department.
- g. Private hydrant is a fire hydrant situated and maintained to provide water for fire fighting purposes with restrictions as to use. The location may be such that it is not readily accessible for immediate use by the fire department for other than certain private property.
- h. <u>Public hydrant</u> is a fire hydrant so situated and maintained as to provide water for fire fighting purposes without restriction as to use for the purpose. The location is such that

28 29 30

. 2

3

5

6

R

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

31

32

it is accessible for immediate use of the fire department at all times.

- i. <u>U.B.C.</u> shall mean the Uniform Building Code as adopted by the King County Council.
 - j. U.L. shall mean Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.
- k. Water authority shall mean the water department, water district or other body legally supplying water in the area.

SECTION 3. Requirements for Buildings. All residential buildings constructed in plats and all commercial buildings constructed in the unincorporated areas of King County shall be served by water mains and fire hydrants installed as required by this ordinance. Such water mains and fire hydrants shall be served by a water district, city or by other adequate means as approved by the fire marshal. Agricultural buildings and buildings not exceeding two thousand five hundred square feet and not located in a water district are exempt from the provisions of this ordinance.

SECTION 4. New Installations and Replacements. All fire hydrants and water mains newly installed or replaced shall meet the requirements of this ordinance.

SECTION 5. Installation Requirements.

- a. Areas already platted shall install operational hydrants and mains with water in accordance with this ordinance when building construction commences.
- b. Areas to be platted shall meet the requirements of this ordinance.
- c. New or replaced water mains shall be a minimum of eight inches in diameter for dead ends where serving fire hydrants, and six inches in diameter for circulating mains. Hydrant leads less than fifty feet may be six inches in diameter. Such mains shall have hydrants installed to conform with this ordinance.
- d. Maximum spacing of public fire hydrants shall be seven hundred feet in single family zoned areas and four hundred feet

- 2 -

11.

in commercial, industrial, and apartment areas. Duplexes, churches and schools shall be considered as commercial. Hydrants shall be located at street intersections. When necessary to meet required spacing, hydrants may be located between intersections.

- e. Hydrants installed per this ordinance shall meet the Seattle Standard Specifications and American Water Works
 Association (A.W.W.A.) Standards.
- f. Hydrants and mains shall be installed to meet sound engineering practices. There shall be an auxiliary gate valve installed, sufficient to permit the repair and replacement of the hydrants without disruption of water service.
- g. Hydrants shall stand plumb and be set to the finished grade. The bottom of the lowest outlet of the hydrant shall be no less than eighteen inches above the finished grade. There shall be thirty-six inches of clear area about the hydrant for operation of a hydrant wrench on the outlets and on the control valve. The pumper port shall face the street. Where the street cannot be clearly defined or recognized, the port shall face the most likely route of approach and location of the fire truck while pumping, as determined by the fire marshal.
- h. Hydrants shall not be obstructed by any structure or vegetation or have the visibility impaired for a distance of fifty feet in the direction of vehicular approach to the hydrant.
- i. Hydrants are to be accessible to fire department pumpers over roads capable of supporting such fire apparatus.
- j. Fire hydrants located in areas subject to regular, private, commercial or industrial motor vehicle traffic shall be protected against vehicle damage by curbs, space separation, grade level changes, guard posts, or other means acceptable to the fire marshal.
- k. The installation of flush-type hydrants is prohibited without approval of the fire marshal.
 - 1. All hydrants shall be subject to testing and inspection

- 3 -

.12

.

by the fire department.

- m. A hydrant shall be located no further than three hundred fifty feet from a newly constructed single family residence or platted lot when located in a platted area; EXCEPT in areas served with existing hydrants spaced on thousand feet on center, and no more than one hundred fifty feet from a commercial building or additions thereto.
- n. The location of all water mains, fire hydrants, and valves to be installed shall be properly and accurately marked on identifiable plans or drawings, two copies of which shall be furnished to the fire marshal. The water authority may be required by the fire marshal to notify the fire department in writing when the system is available for use.

SECTION 6. Commercial Buildings.

- a. All commercial buildings and additions shall be provided with water mains and fire hydrants capable of supplying the required fire flow. Hydrants and mains shall be operational when building construction commences.
- b. Commercial buildings and additions so located that a portion is more than two hundred feet from a street property line as measured by vehicular travel shall have mains extended to them, with fire hydrants, capable of supplying the required fire flow.
- c. Commercial buildings with a ground floor area of over twenty thousand square feet or a group of buildings with a required fire flow of more than three thousand gallons per minute shall require fire hydrants properly located around the buildings or group of buildings. Other buildings may have fire hydrants located only on one side, but the required number of hydrants shall be located within one hundred fifty feet of the building.
- d. The number of fire hydrants required shall be determined on an average of three hundred feet, computed on an imaginary

- 4.-

perimeter that is parallel to and fifty feet from the building or group of buildings. The number of fire hydrants required shall be increased by one for multistory buildings.

e. The fire marshal shall determine the location of fire hydrants depending on utility, topography and building location. Hydrants shall be a minimum of fifty feet out from the building except when it is impractical due to topography or property lines.

SECTION 7. Fire Flow Criteria. Required fire flows determined by the fire marshal shall be based on criteria set forth in the Guide for Determination of Required Fire Flow 1974 Edition published by the Insurance Services Office.

SECTION 8. Building Construction Classifications. The Insurance Service Guide, published by the Insurance Services Office, and the Uniform Building Code as adopted by the King County Council, which provide classifications of all buildings by types of construction, as shown below, shall be used in calculating fire flow.

Insurance Services	s Guide	Uniform Bu	uilding	Code
Fire Resistive		Ι -	- II	
Ordinary		11	1	
Heavy Timber		11:	IHT	
Noncombustible		IV		
Wood Frame		v	•	

SECTION 9. Building Permit Issuance and Occupation. The passage of this ordinance is necessary for the protection of health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of King County, Washington. No building permit shall be issued until plans, which are in compliance with this ordinance have been submitted and approved. No building shall be occupied until water is available.

SECTION 10. Enforcement. The provisions of this chapter and any rules or regulations promulgated thereunder shall be

1		enforced in accordance with the enforcement and penalty
2		provisions of Ordinance No. 2909.
3		SECTION 11. Severability. Should any section, subsection,
4		paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase of this ordinance be
5		declared unconstitutional or invalid for any reason, such
6		decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions
7		of this ordinance.
8		INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this sed day of
9		Morember, 1976.
10		PASSED this 22 day of Jebruay, 1927.
11		
12		KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON
13		
14		Chairman
15		
16		ATTEST:
17		
18	Degui	Clerk of the Council
19		APPROVED this 23 day of February, 1977.
20		\mathcal{O}
21		
22		
23		King County Executive
		King County Lagarite
24	•	King County Executive
		King County Executive
24		King County Executive
24 25		King County Executive
24 25 26		king County Executive
24 25 26 27		King County Executive
24 25 26 27 28		King County Ax cutive
24 25 26 27 28 29		King County L. Cutive
24 25 26 27 28 29 30		king County La Cutive
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31		King County & Cutive